

Conservatives record on water - What have we done to improve water quality since 2010?

We have pushed forward stronger laws, better monitoring, more investment, and tougher regulation.

Better monitoring

- Monitoring of the sewerage network has increased by 14 times over the last five years, and for the first time this year (March) we published data setting out the frequency and duration of all storm overflow use across the country – so it's not straightforward to compare previous years.
- This is largely down to the work of our Storm Overflows Taskforce, which has pushed through increased transparency and monitoring of sewage spills in order to be able to tackle this issue more effectively than ever before and help drive improvements

Agriculture reforms and more funding

- The way to tackle pollution from agriculture is Catchment Sensitive Farming. We have almost doubled the funding available for the Catchment Sensitive Farming programme over the next three years. The new annual budget will be £30 million, up from £16.6 million in 2020-21. This means it will cover 100% of England's farmland, up from 40% of its current coverage, with every farmer able to access advice and support by March 2023.
- We have also made extra budget available this year to the Environment Agency for 50 extra inspectors to be recruited in this financial year to visit farms posing a risk of water pollution and ensure action is taken.
- Our farming reforms – the most significant changes for the sector in 50 years – will also help tackle the pressures from agriculture. Farmers will be paid for actions that improve the environment and help achieve clean and plentiful water, including reducing pollution from run-off into rivers.

Tough action against water companies

- Since 2015 the Environment Agency has brought 47 prosecutions against water companies, securing fines of over £131 million.
- In July 2021, Southern were handed a record £90 million fine after pleading guilty to thousands of illegal discharges of sewage which polluted rivers and coastal waters in Kent, Hampshire and Sussex. • This year Thames Water was also handed £4 million and £2.3million fines for separate incidents.

More water company investment

- Between 1990 and 2020 the water industry has invested about £30 billion in environmental improvement work, much of it to improve water quality in rivers. A further £7.1 billion is planned to be invested between 2020 and 2025, of which £3.1 billion on storm overflows

Stronger legislation

- Alongside the amendment put forward today, the govt is already taking direct action to tackle storm overflows through other measures in the Environment Bill, including: • a new duty directly on water companies to produce comprehensive statutory Drainage and Sewerage Management Plans, setting out how they will manage and develop their drainage and sewerage system over a minimum 25-year planning horizon, including how storm overflows will be addressed through these plans.

- a power of direction for the government to direct water companies in relation to the actions in these Drainage and Sewerage Management Plans if they are not good enough. We will not hesitate to use this power of direction.
- at least one new target to drive progress in the priority area of water. In our policy paper published in August 2020, we set out the objectives for targets currently under consideration. For water, these include reducing pollution from agriculture, wastewater, and abandoned metal mines, and reducing water demand
- a new duty on Government to produce a statutory plan to reduce discharges from storm overflows and their adverse impact, and report to Parliament on progress.
- a requirement for government to produce a report setting out the actions that would be needed to eliminate discharges from storm overflows in England, and the costs and benefits of those actions. Both publications are required before 1 September 2022.
- a new duty directly on water companies and the Environment Agency to publish data on storm overflow operation on an annual basis.
- a new duty directly on water companies to publish near real time information - within one hour- on the operation of storm overflows.
- a new duty directly on water companies to monitor the water quality upstream and downstream of storm overflows and sewage disposal works.

Has anything improved?

- Our coastal bathing waters have significantly improved. In 2019, more than 70% of bathing waters achieved an 'excellent' rating compared with 28% at the highest standard in the 1990s. 98.3% met or exceeded the minimum standard.
- There is 60% less phosphate, 70% less ammonia; 50% less cadmium and mercury and significantly lower levels of copper and lead in wastewater.
- Clearly our rivers and other waterways are not as good as we want them to be. Currently, 16% of water bodies (14% of rivers) meet the criteria for good ecological status. This is same as in 2016 – we are running to stand still.
- There is a vast amount of pressure on our water environment from a growing population, industry and agriculture. We are taking many steps to improve our water environment, this requires time, money and the combined effort of government, industry, businesses and the public.

October 2021